## **LESSON PLAN**

NAME OF THEFACULTY : Sh. NEERAJ

DISCIPLINE : ARCHITECTURAL ASSISTANTSHIP

SEMESTER : 3<sup>rd</sup>
SUBJECT : **HOA-I**LESSON : 15 WEEKS

WORK LOAD PER WEEK : 04

	Theory			
Week	Lecture Day	Торіс		
1 <sup>ST</sup>	1	Introduction to HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE		
	2	Importance of history to understand the Architecture		
	3	Examples of Early shelters, Stone Age, Tumuli, etc. as expression of man's physical and spiritual needs.		
	4	Examples of Early shelters, Stone Age, Tumuli, etc. as expression of man's physical and spiritual needs.		
	5	Determinants of built form – geo physical, societal, technological etc.		
2 <sup>ND</sup>	6	(Early caves, timber huts, stone houses etc).		
	7	Western Civilization		
	8	Egyptian Civilization Concept of the Royal Necropolis		
	9	Locational context and architectural characteristics of public buildings		
3 <sup>RD</sup>	10	e.g. Mastabas (master of sakara) and pyramids (rock – cut and structural) – one example of each type to be chosen		
	11	Mesopotamian Civilization		
	12			
	13	The urban context and architecture of public buildings (Ziggurats) - one example.		
	14	Greek and Roman Civilizations		
4 <sup>TH</sup>	15	Greek Civilization, Location and characteristics of typical civic spaces such as Agora, Acropolis,Stoa.		
	16	Significant characteristics of Greek Architecture such as Materials, construction systems		
5 <sup>TH</sup>	17	System of proportioning, Greek orders, architecture of Greek temples – Parthenon,		

		Athens.
	10	Doman Civilization Cignificant characteristics of Doman Architecture
	18	Roman Civilization- Significant characteristics of Roman Architecture.
	19	SESSIONAL TEST- 1
	20	Concept of monumentality, materials and construction systems,
6 <sup>тн</sup>	21	Roman orders, Colosseum
	22	Pantheon, Rome, their form, and constructional/structural systems.
	23	Indian Civilization and Buddhist Architecture in India
	24	
	25	Indus Valley Civilization: Form of the Harappan city,
	26	location and role of public buildings.
7 <sup>TH</sup>	27	Architecture of the typical (Harappan dwelling)
	28	
8 <sup>TH</sup>	29	Great Granary and Great Bath.
	30	The Vedic Village,
	31	Building typology and construction.
	32	Buddhist Architecture in India Building typology
	33	Stupas
9 <sup>TH</sup>	34	Chaitya Hall
9'''	35	Vihara one example from each; construction methods and ornamentation
	36	Temple Architecture in India
	37	Evolution of temple and its various parts.
10 <sup>TH</sup>	38	Dravidian style (Southern)
	39	SESSIONAL TEST- 2
	40	Dravidian style (Southern)
11 <sup>TH</sup>	41	General characteristics,
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	42	Construction methods and material
	43	Construction methods and material
	44	(e.g. shore temple at Mahabalipuram,)
12 <sup>™</sup>	45	architectural form, planning components, construction methods, materials, motifs
	46	Indo Aryan Temple (North Indian)
	47	Sun Temple Konark;
13 <sup>TH</sup>	48	Architectural form,
	49	Planning components, construction methods, materials, motifs
	50	Lingaraja Temple at Bhubhaneshwar
	51	Architectural form, planning components,
	52	Construction methods, materials, motifs
14 <sup>™</sup>	53	Kandariya Mahadeo at Khajuraho
	54	architectural form, planning components,
	55	Construction methods, materials, motifs
	56	Jain temples in India
15 <sup>™</sup>	57	Dilwara temple, Mt. Abu
	58	Architectural form, planning components,
	59	Construction methods, materials, motifs
	60	SESSIONAL TEST- 3